

# Trigonometric Identities & Formulas

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<p><b>Pythagorean Identities:</b></p> $\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$ $1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$ $\cot^2 \theta + 1 = \csc^2 \theta$	<p><b>Sum &amp; Difference Identities:</b></p> $\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta$ $\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta$ $\tan(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha \pm \tan \beta}{1 \mp \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$
<p><b>Double-Angle Identities:</b></p> $\sin 2\theta = 2 \cos \theta \sin \theta$ $\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$ $= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta$ $= 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1$ $\tan 2\theta = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta}$	<p><b>Laws of Sines &amp; Cosines:</b></p> $\frac{\sin \alpha}{a} = \frac{\sin \beta}{b} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{c}$ $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \alpha$ $b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \beta$ $c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma$
<p><b>Half-Angle Identities:</b></p> $\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1 - \cos 2\alpha}{2} \Rightarrow \sin \frac{\beta}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{2}}$ $\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1 + \cos 2\alpha}{2} \Rightarrow \cos \frac{\beta}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \beta}{2}}$ $\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1 - \cos 2\alpha}{1 + \cos 2\alpha} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{\beta}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{1 + \cos \beta}} = \frac{1 - \cos \beta}{\sin \beta} = \frac{\sin \beta}{1 + \cos \beta}$	
<p><b>Product Formulas:</b></p> $2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)$ $2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta = \cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)$ $2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta = \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)$ $2 \cos \alpha \sin \beta = \sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)$	<p><b>Factoring Formulas:</b></p> $\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$ $\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$ $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$ $\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$